# How Horror Games Brought Adventure Back from the Dead

Chris Pruett



# AMAZINGI TEGEICOTOUGE

Monster Robot 100 Feet High!

Hi, I'm Chris. I run Robot Invader.

ALC: N

## chris' SURVIVALHORROR quest

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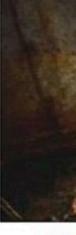


#### The Changing Utility of the Otherworld in the Silent Hill Series

One of the most distinctive traits of the Silent Hill series is its use of the Otherworld, a bleak industrial version of reality where night persists indefinitely and rusted metal and barbed wire are core components of most architecture. The Otherworld (sometimes referred to as nowhere) often reflects the layout and geometry of reality, but sometimes it the reflection is tenuous, as the Otherworld version of reality is usually twisted and confusing. The Silent Hill games contrast the Otherworld with the Fog World, a daytime locale which appears at first to be a perpetually foggy version of the real world but eventually proves to be something more sinister. The protagonists of the Silent Hill games all unwittingly step out of reality and into the Fog World, and eventually they progress into the Otherworld--this is part of the series' formula. But the way these transitions from world to world work and the game design mechanics at play in each world differ from game to game. Every Silent Hill game has some version of these two worlds, but the use and meaning of the Otherworld and Fog World varies dramatically across the series. In this article I will discuss some of the ways that the Otherworld is used throughout the Silent Hill series. Be warned that this text is filled with spoilers about the series.

#### Silent Hill

In addition to the Fog World and Otherworld, Silent Hill 1 actually has a third world: the "Dark World." This is a transition realm, a place that exists in between the Fog World and Otherworld. The Dark World replaces fog with limitless night, but like the Fog World it otherwise resembles reality. The progression from the Fog World to the Dark World and then to the Otherworld is used several times in Silent Hill for dramatic effect. At the very beginning of the game, for example, Harry chases his daughter Cheryl through the town (Fog), into an unnaturally



dark alley (Dark), and finally ends up accosted by monsters in a blood-soaked cul-de-sac surrounded by rusty chain link fence (Other). Later in the game travel through the back door of a home in Silent Hill, and when he does this he immediately transitions from Fog World to Dark World. His subsequent ex in a crawl through the school's clock tower that results in a transition to the Otherworld.

The Otherworld in Silent Hill is used as a plot device. The transition from the Fog World to the Dark World increases the level of tension felt by the playe just as this tension peaks. It's a system by which the designers can slowly crank the pressure on the player up and up and up, until finally, thankfully, the and return to the relatively tame Fog World. Though the introductory sequence to the game flows very quickly from Fog to Dark to Otherworld without obtransitions occur at extremely well-defined points in the game. Unlocking the back door in the Fog World is a "beat" in the narrative, a small crescendo in beat occurs as Harry crawls through the clock tower and finds himself in the Otherworld for the first time. An even more dramatic crescendo occurs as H of the school. After this peak, the tension is released and the player is deposited back into Fog World. This three-stage building of tension though the tra repeats several times in Silent Hill, culminating finally in the end boss fight (and, in the good ending, the protagonist's escape to the real world).

#### Silent Hill 2



In the second Silent Hill game, the Dark World is dropped and focus is placed on the Fog World and Otl Silent Hill 2's level progression is descent. James descends from the real world into the Fog World at the running down a long trail, and throughout the game he is required to descend deeper and deeper into the investigating. In one memorable section, James must travel down an impossibly long staircase that struis also often asked to jump into holes or otherwise follow one-way paths into the depths. While the appe used as a peak in the narrative flow, the actual geometry of the Fog World and the Otherworld is respon up. The repeated appearance of Pyramid Head also serves to ratchet the tension level higher, and when spike in tension is less dramatic than in the previous title because the tension level is already incredibly is a slow-burning one; the peaks in the drama may be slightly less noticeable, but only because the ent pressure on the player at a gradual, linear rate.

There are other interesting things about the Otherworld in Silent Hill 2 that are not shared by the rest of

I also have this horror game blog.

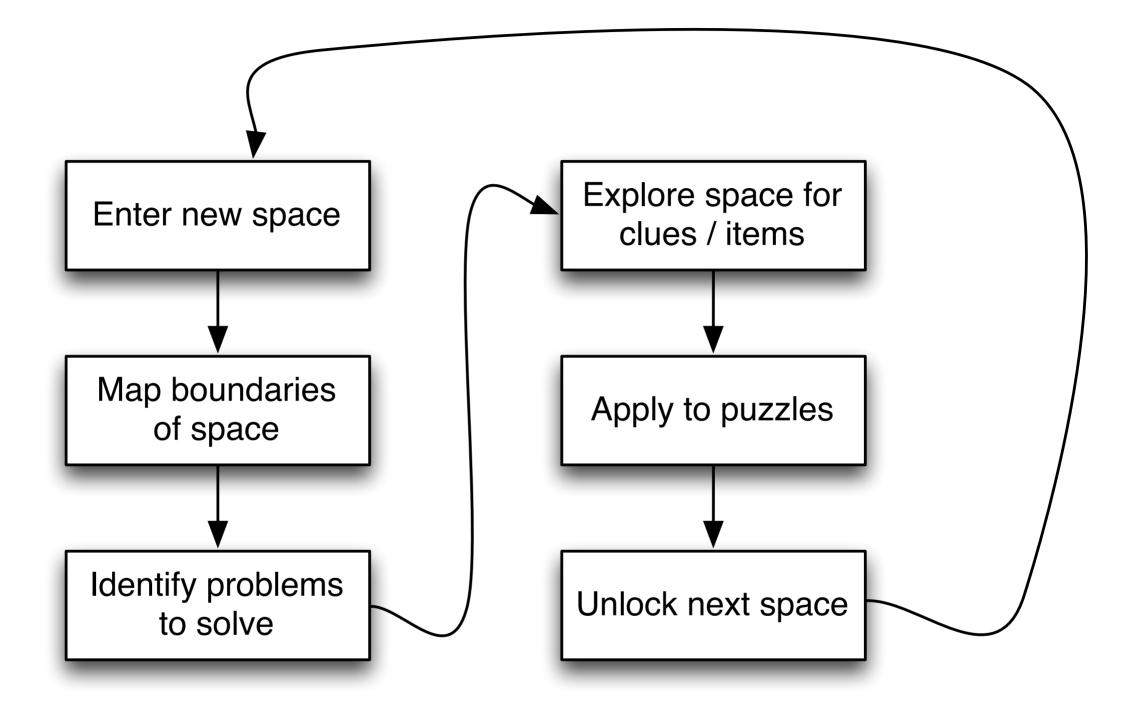


I started studying horror games because they seemed to be the only genre interested in evoking an explicit emotional response.



When I started my research, the popular horror games were all pretty similar to each other.

## "Classic" Horror Games



Here's a simple model that describes the general flow of many games.

#### SURVIVAL HORROR

#### ACTION HORROR



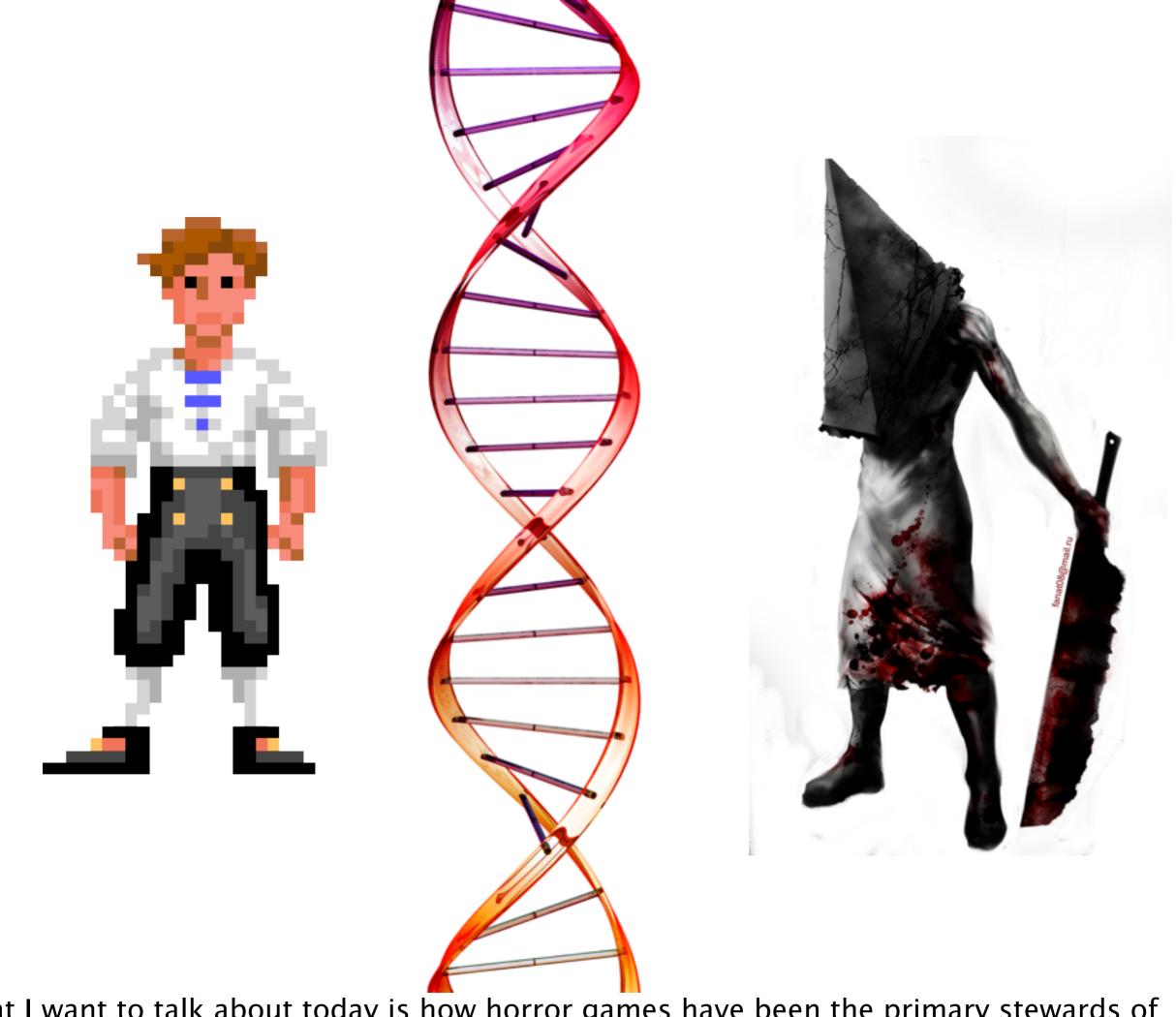
But horror games have been undergoing a transition lately, one that's sort of hard to define.



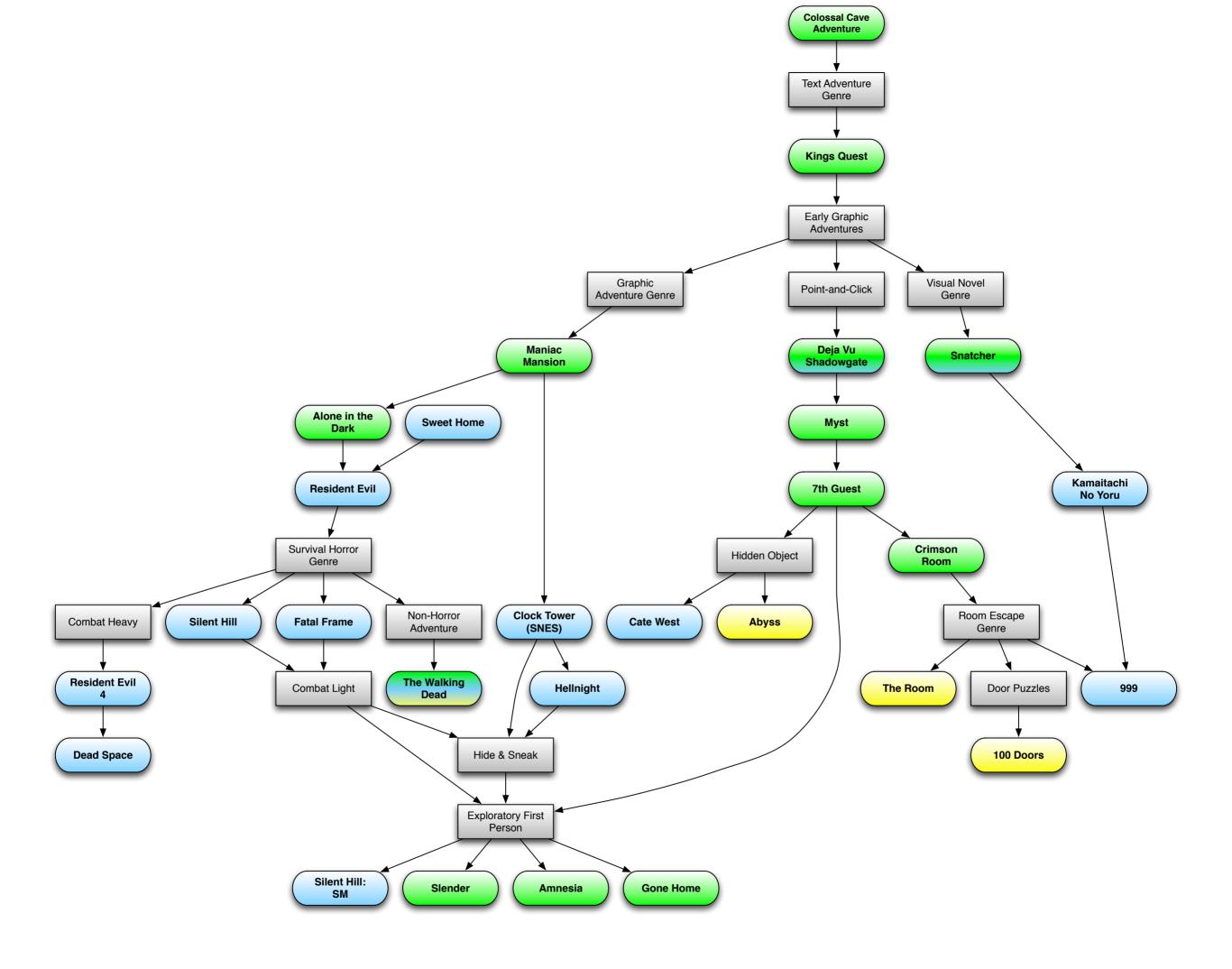
Horror is a thematic genre, but still, there are major differences between these titles.

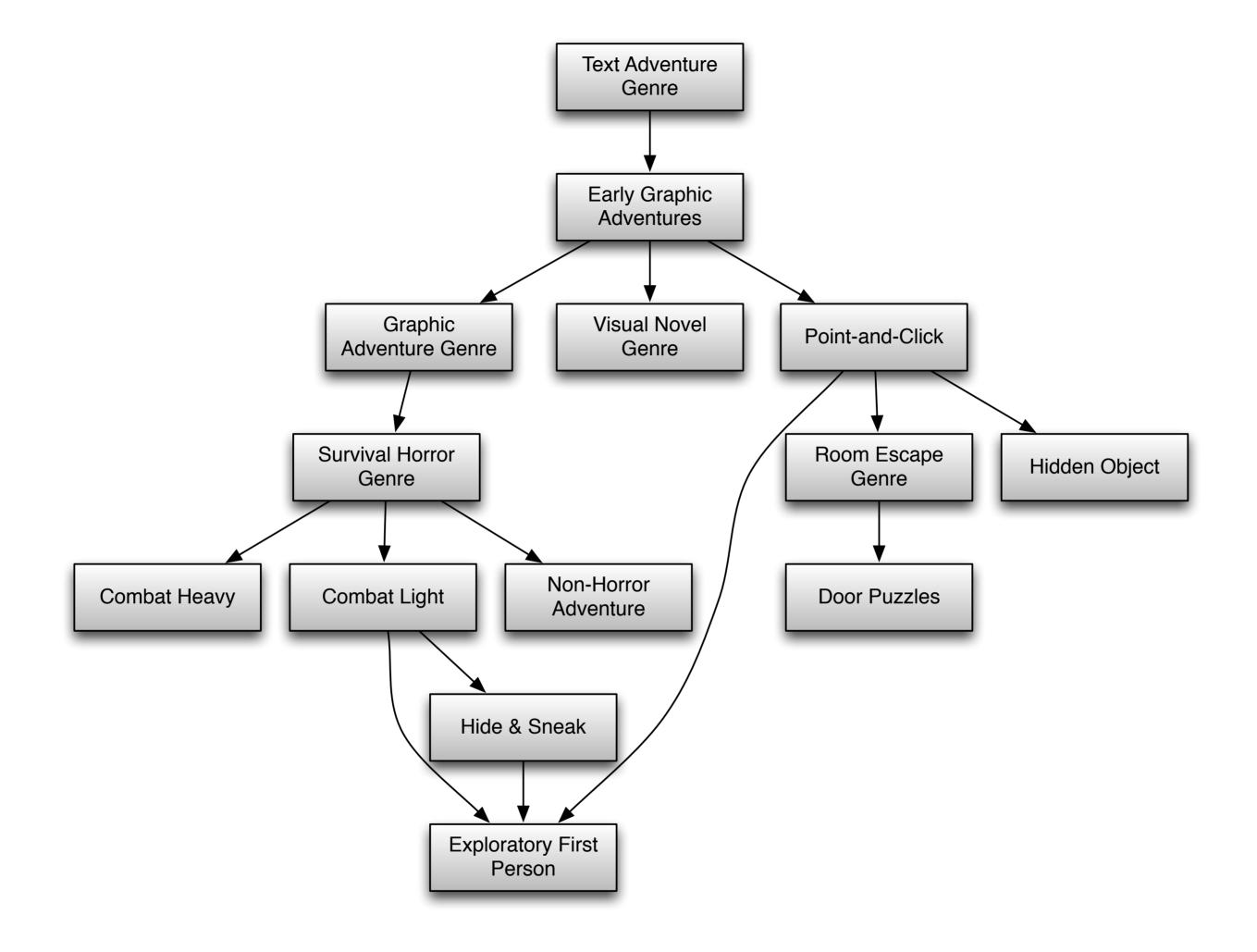


To understand these differences I think it's useful to deconstruct the genre, and look at where common horror game designs come from: Adventure games.



What I want to talk about today is how horror games have been the primary stewards of Adventure DNA for the last decade or so, and how they have spawned new games.





## **Colossal Cave Adventure**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area

Text Adventure Genre

#### welcome to adventure

FIND TREASURES AND RETURN THEM TO THEIR PROPER PLACE.

I'M YOUR CLONE. GIVE ME COMMANDS THAT CONSIST OF A VERB AND A NOUN.

i.e., go east, take key, climb tree, save game, take inventory, find axe.

YOU'LL NEED SPECIAL ITEMS TO DO SOME THINGS, BUT I'M SURE YOU'LL BE A GOOD ADVENTURER AND FIGURE THESE THINGS OUT. NOTE THAT GOING IN THE OPPOSITE DIR-ECTION WON'T ALWAYS GET YOU BACK TO WHERE YOU WERE!

happy adventuring!!

# **Maniac Mansion**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area

## Early Graphic Adventures



Walk to Push Open Pull Close Give Read key chainsaw

Walk to Unlock Turn on Pick up New kid Turn off What is Use Fix flashlight cheese

action verbs inventory flat 2D perspective

# Alone in the Dark

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat

### Graphic Adventure Genre



No hud 3D perspective real-time combat direct control

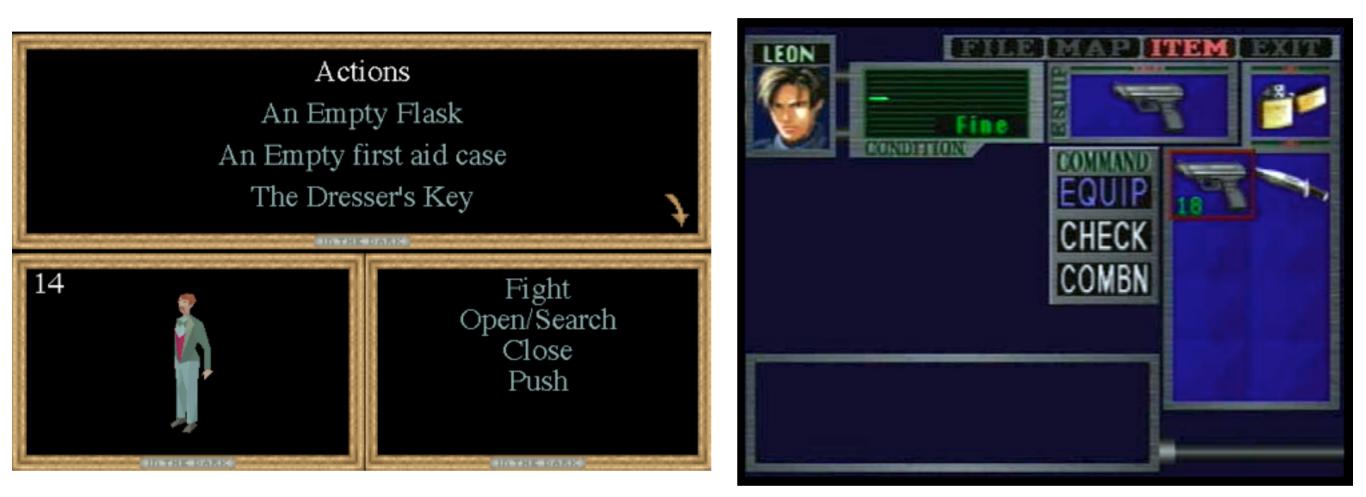
# **Resident Evil**

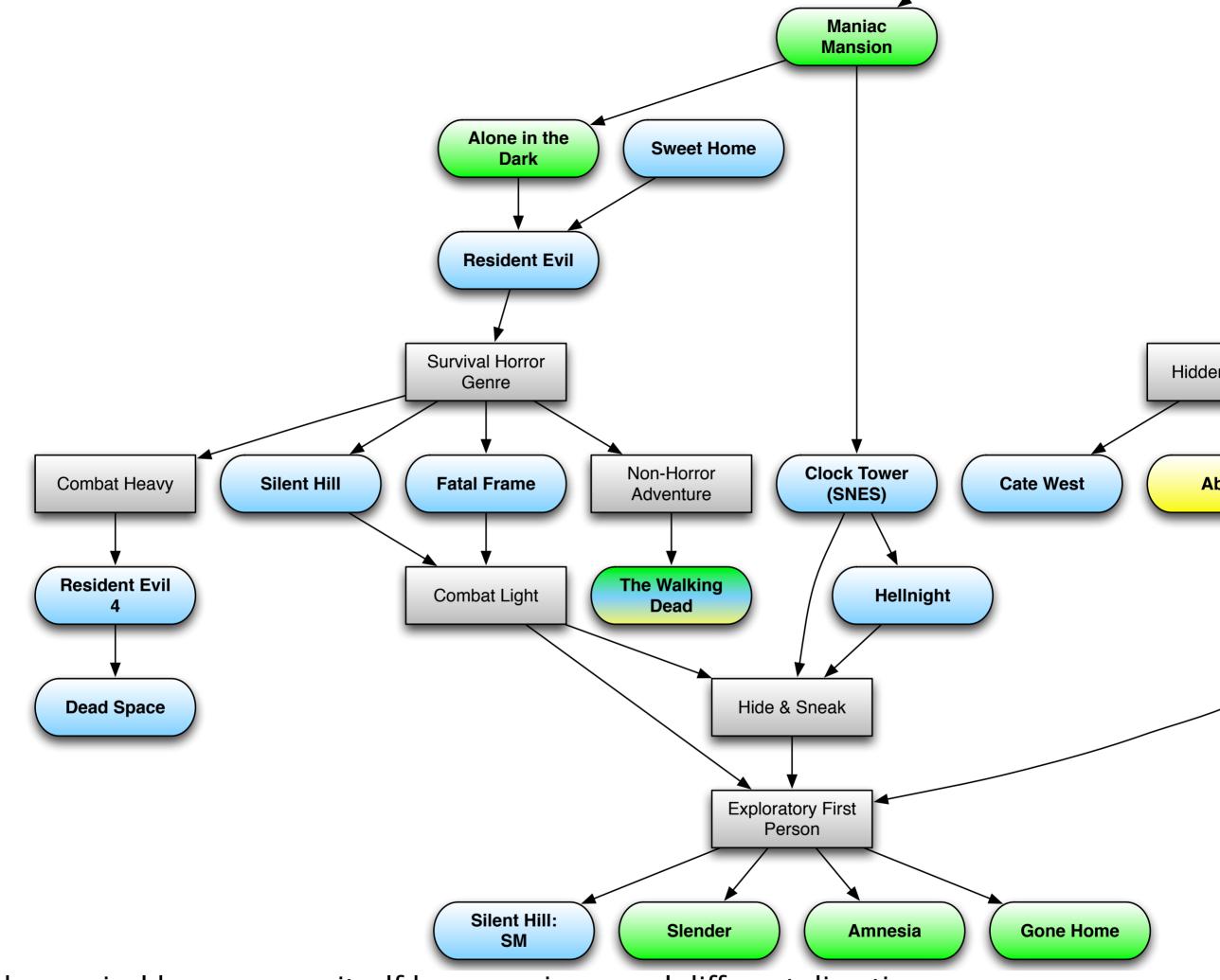
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- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space

## Survival Horror Genre



No hud





But the survival horror genre itself has gone in several different directions

# **Resident Evil 4**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
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## **Combat Heavy**

# **Silent Hill: Shattered Memories**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact by investigating objects
- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space
- Run and hide from danger

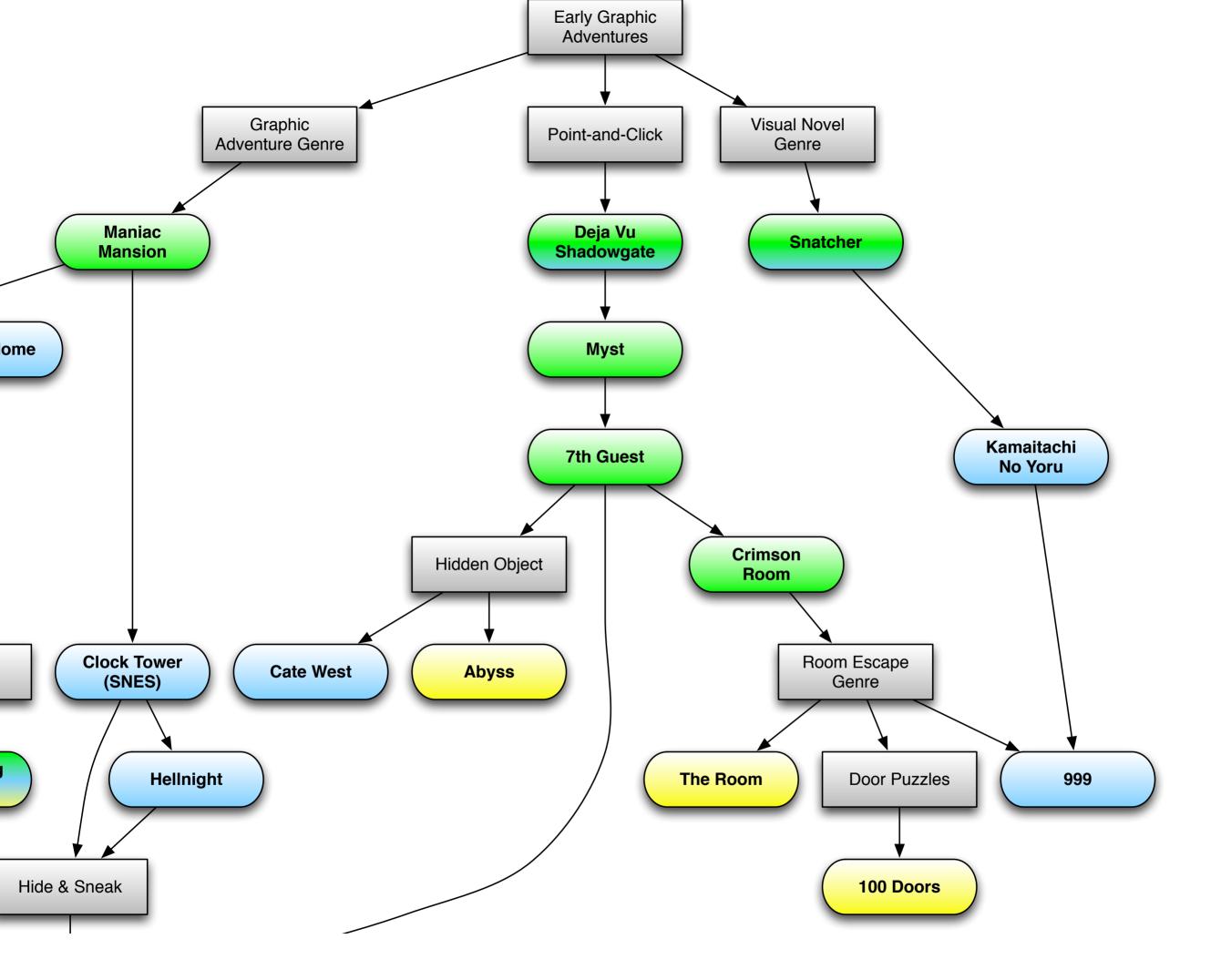
Hide & Sneak

Exploratory First Person

# **Gone Home**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact by investigating objects
- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space
- Run and hide from danger

Exploratory First Person



# **Crimson Room**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact by investigating objects
- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space
- Run and hide from danger

Room Escape Genre



# **Abyss: The Wraiths of Eden**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
  Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
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- Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces
- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space
- Run and hide from danger
- Progress via abstract puzzles (hidden object, domino tiles)

## Hidden Object



# **100 Doors**

- Explore an area
- Navigate by typing directions
- Navigate by pointing-and-clicking
- Navigate by direct character control
- Collect items
- Read descriptive text
- Visually inspect scene
- Interact by typing action verbs with nouns
- Interact by pointing-and-clicking on verbs and objects
- Interact by moving character to specific locations
- Interact by investigating objects

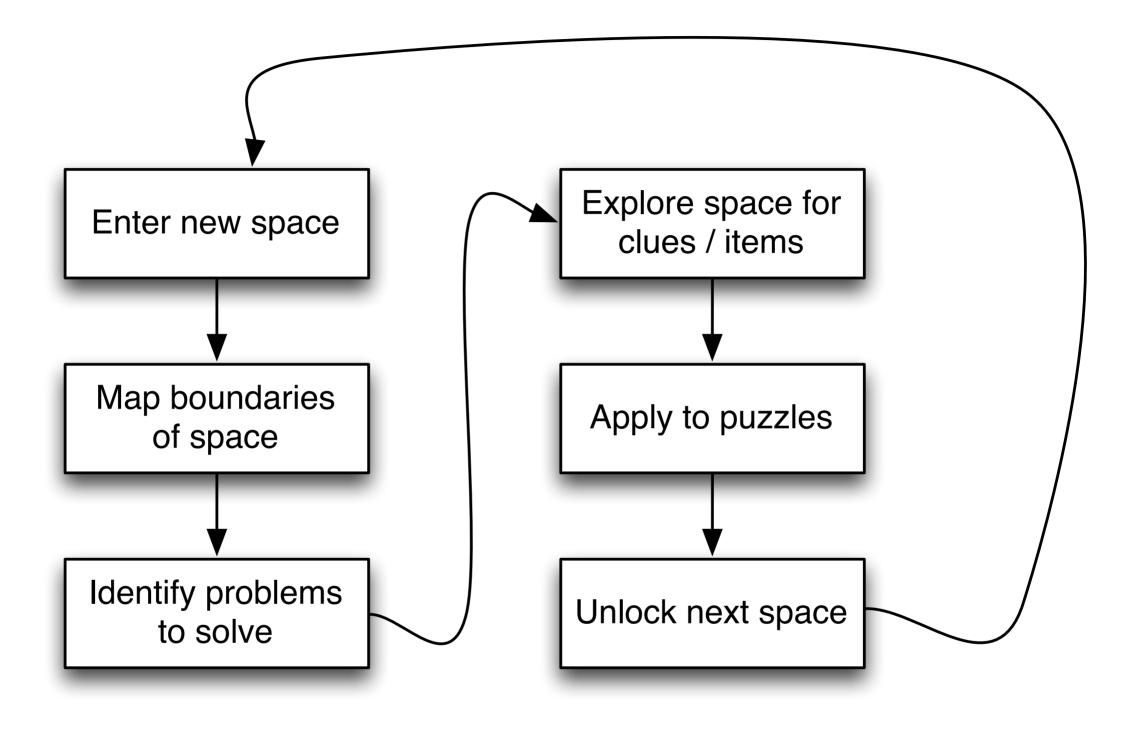
Interact with puzzle-specific interfaces

- Apply items to objects to solve puzzles
- Solve puzzles to widen explorable area
- Fight enemies via real-time combat
- Manage limited resources, inventory space
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## **Door Puzzles**



## **Exploration/Puzzle Loop**



Here's a simple model that describes the general flow of many games.



Quick example using Shadowgate.



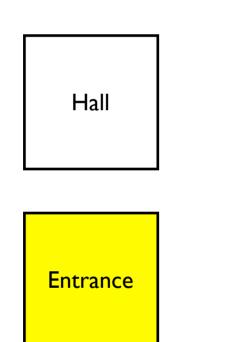


Very beginning of the game, first thing we do is open the door.



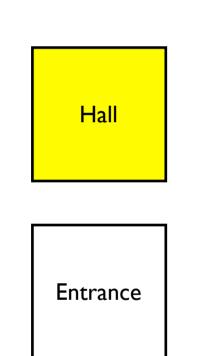
This takes us to a hall. There's some narrative here. Then what? There are two doors but they are both locked!





Nowhere else to go, so we go back to the entrance. Clicking the skull reveals a key! A-ha!

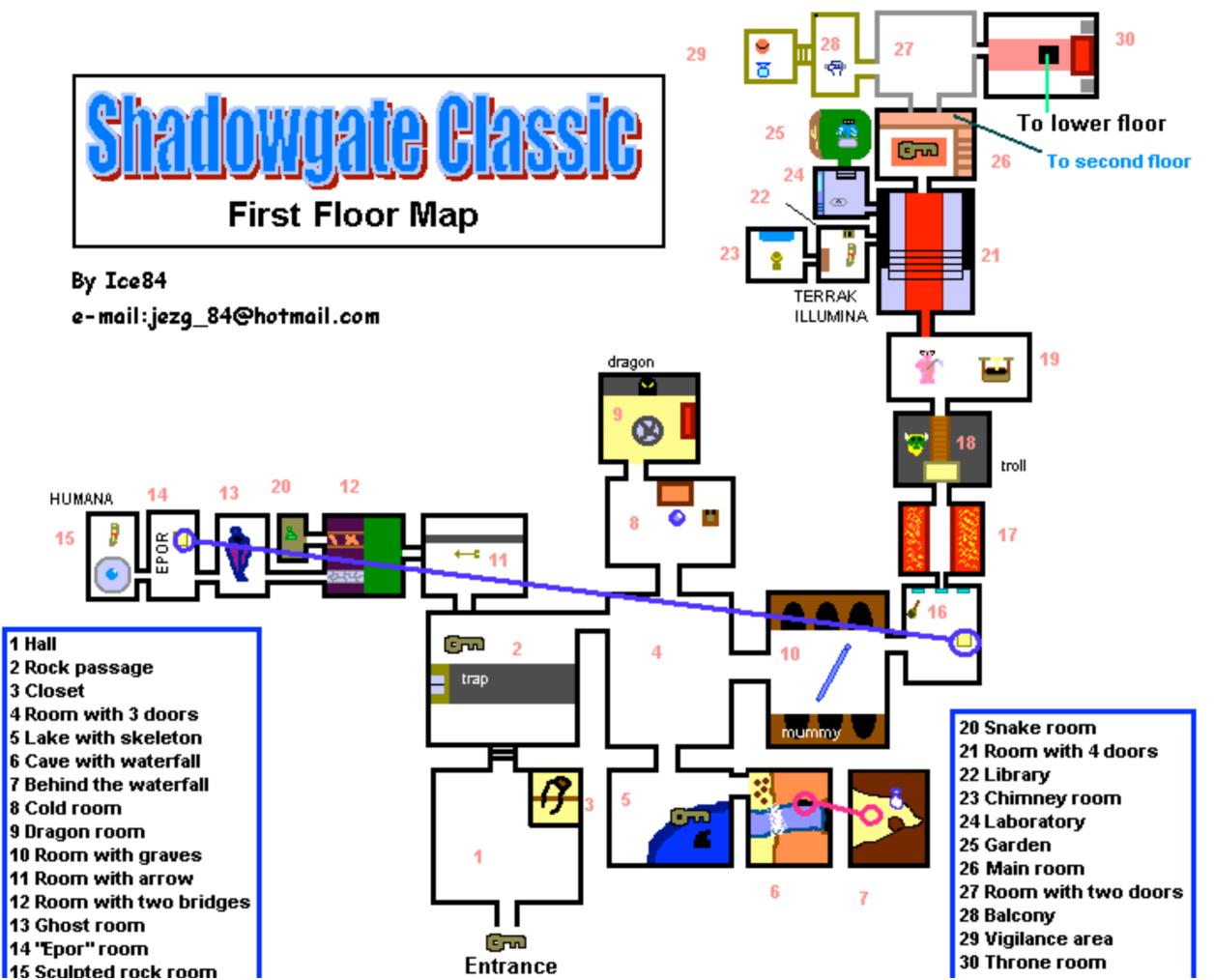




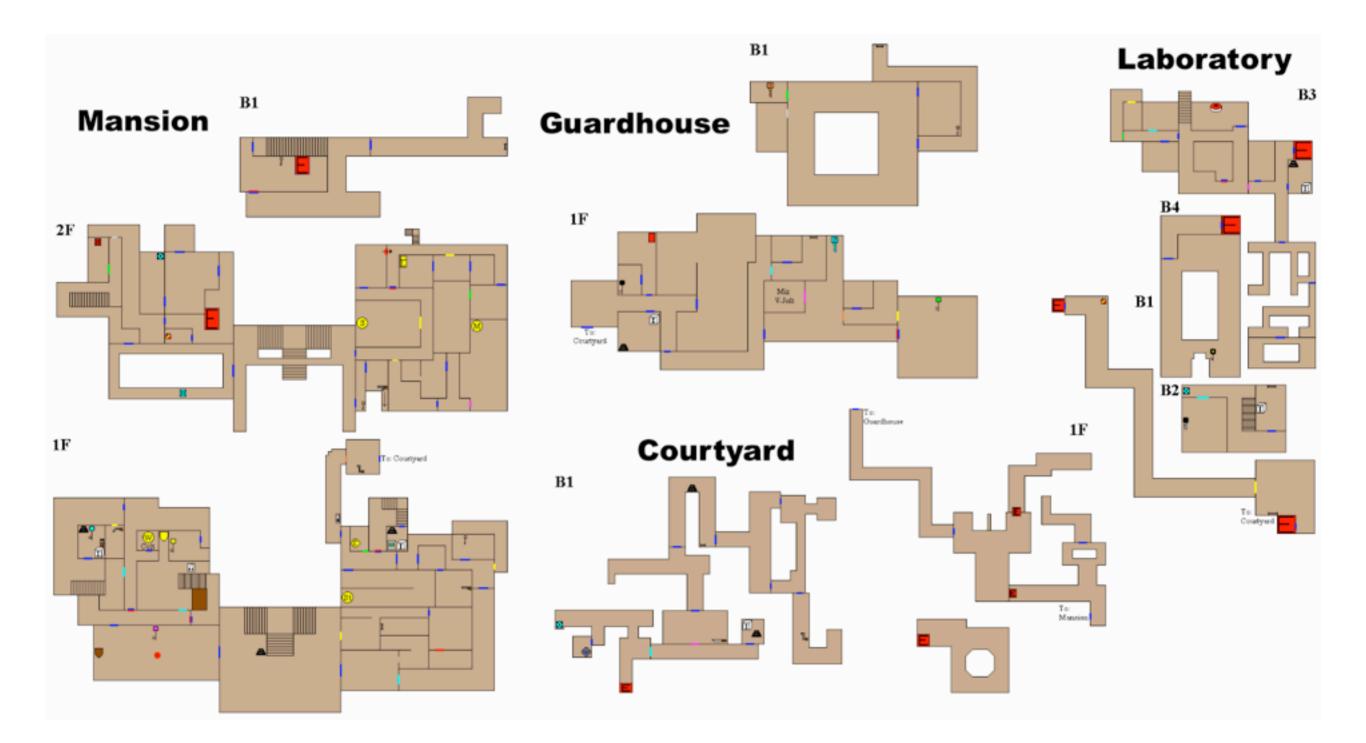
Back into the hall...



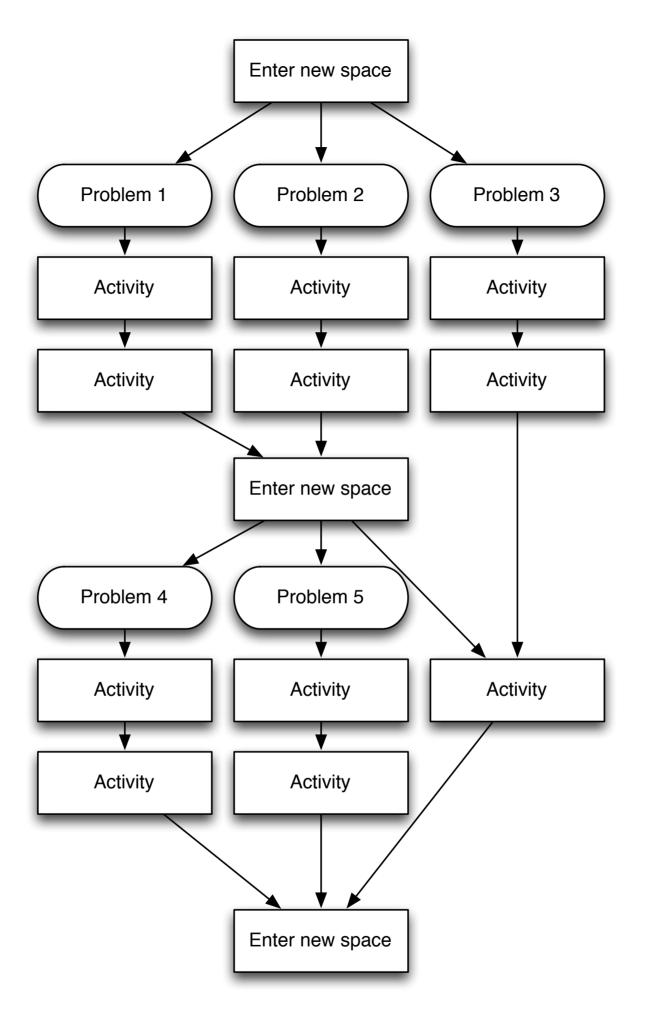
The key unlocks the wooden doors and takes us to a passage.



We find a key inside that book that opens the other door in the hall, where we get items, and then we can move forward to several other areas from the passage, etc. The space slowly opens up as we collect things and solve puzzles.

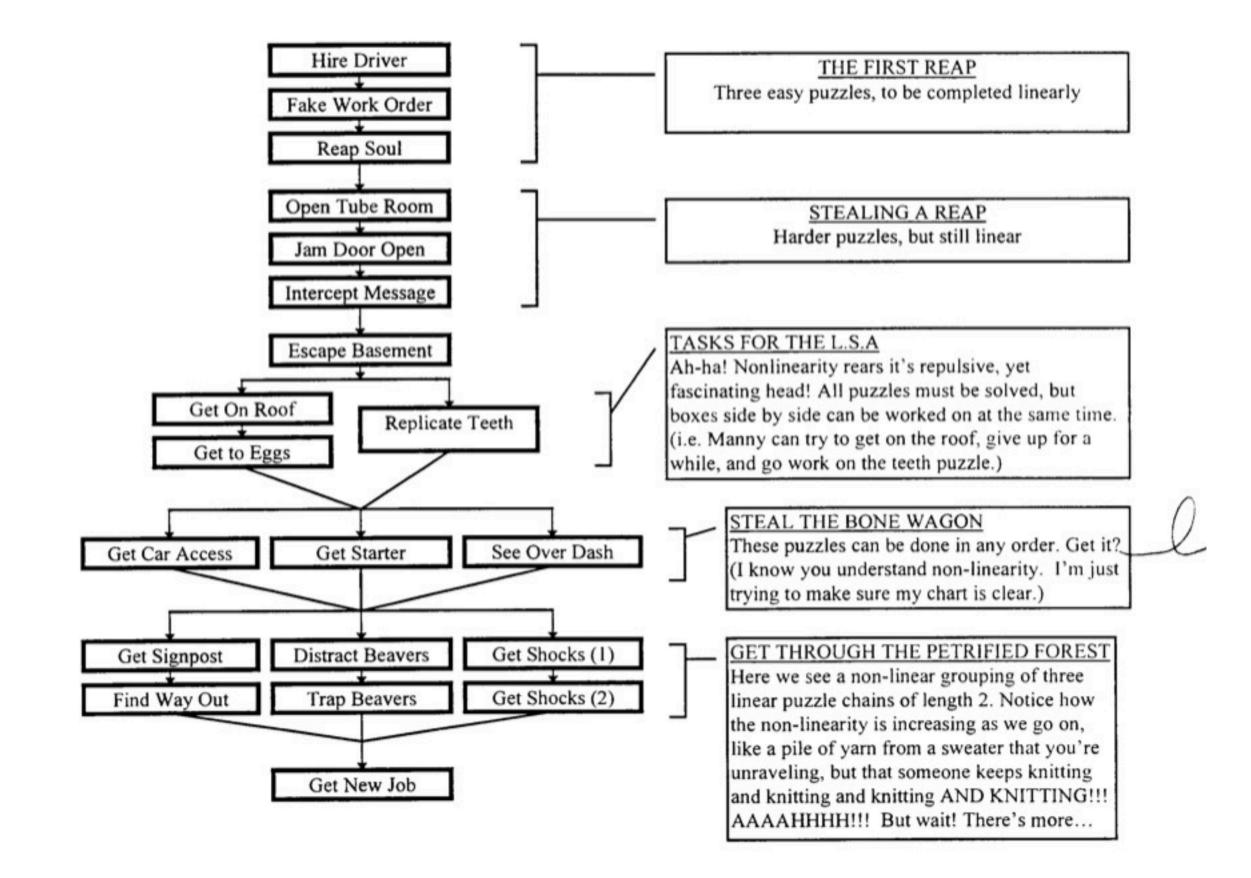


Resident Evil is all about recursion. Progression through the map is a core gameplay mechanic. The map changes as keys are acquired, and eventually the enemies change too.



Although what actually happens is that space gets unlocked before the previous space is complete, so the surface area of the problems widens.

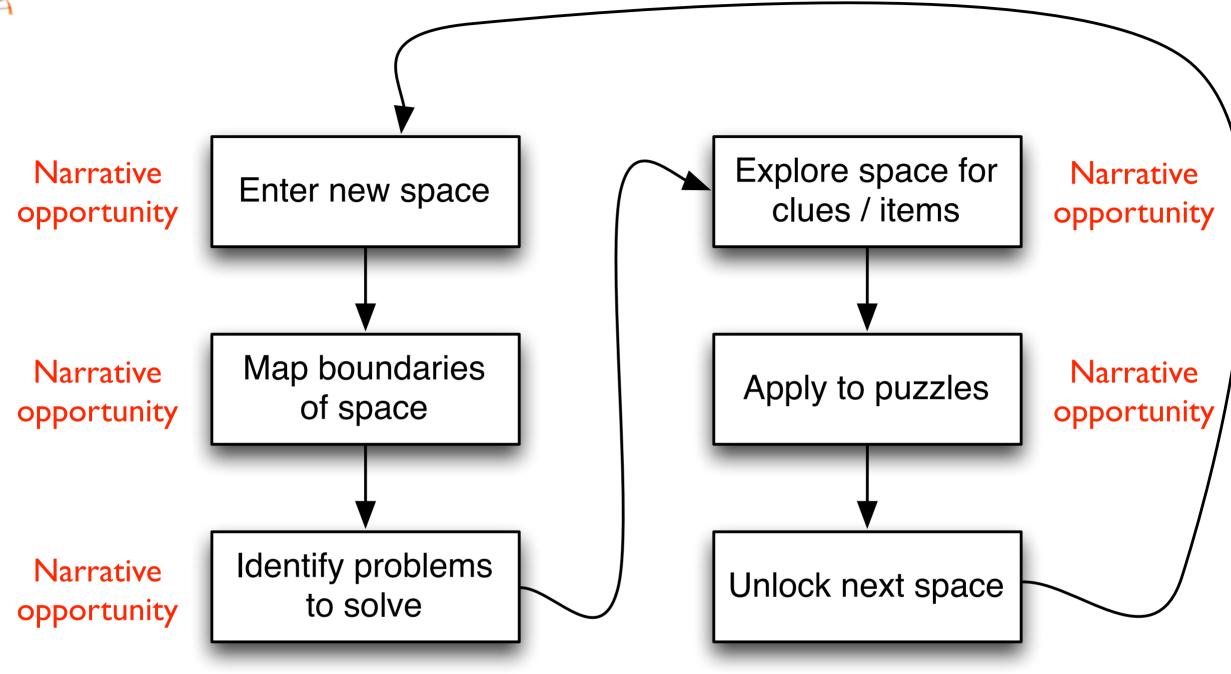
#### **Puzzle Structure – Year One**



Here's an early puzzle dependency chart from Grim Fandango.



## **Narrative and World Building**



Anyway, one of the strengths of this model is that it lends itself to narrative easily.

Expressiveness via textual verbs Slow-paced activities Mouse-driven interface

### Second Era:

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text Fast-paced activities Controller-driven interface Significant increase in difficulty

### **Third Era:**

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text Slow- and fast-paced activities Touch-driven interface Significant simplification of core design components Wider range of topics

Expressiveness via textual verbs Slow-paced activities Mouse-driven interface

### Second Era:

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text

**Fast-paced** activities

Controller-driven interface

Significant increase in difficulty

### **Third Era:**

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text Slow- and fast-paced activities Touch-driven interface Significant simplification of core design components Wider range of topics

**Increased budget**,

processing power

Switch to

consoles

Expressiveness via textual verbs Slow-paced activities Mouse-driven interface

### Second Era:

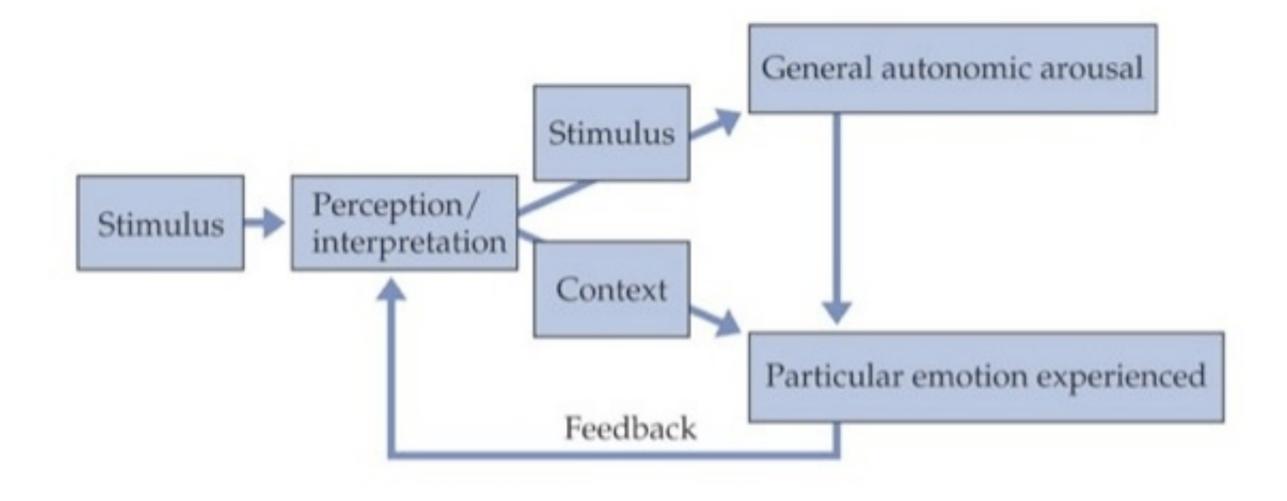
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### **Third Era:**

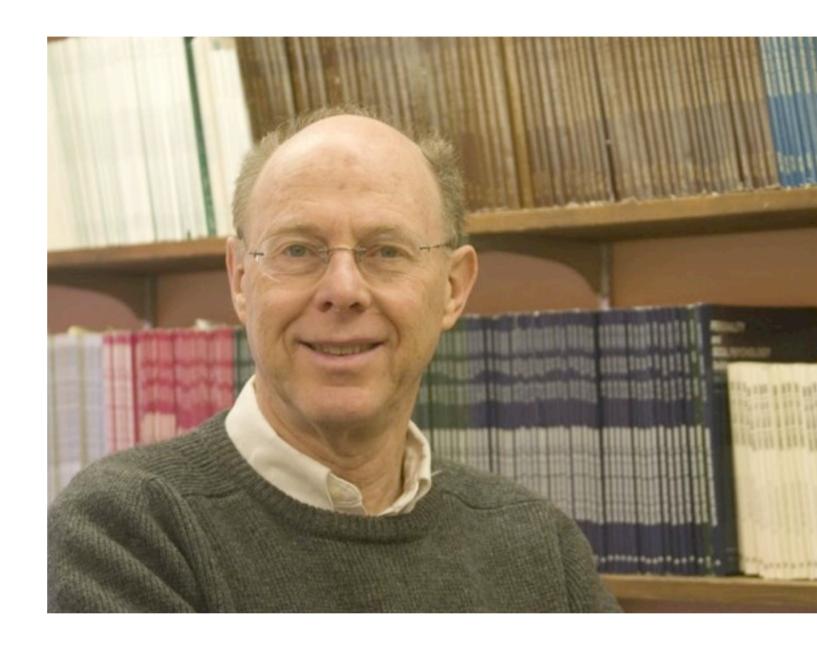
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# **Two-Factor Theory of Emotion**



This was dubbed the Two-Factor Theory of Emotion. It says that the brain can create emotions based on external contextual labels and non-obvious physiological reaction.





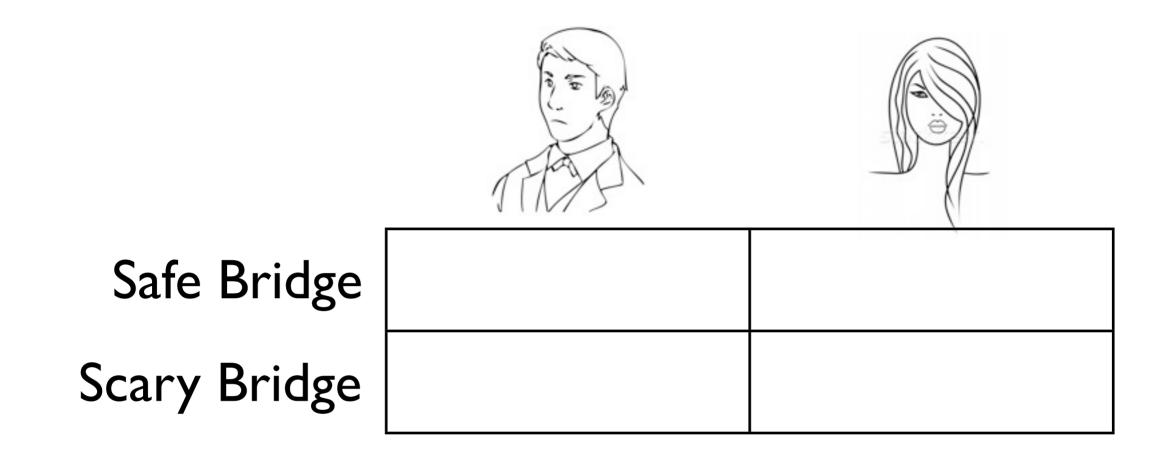
In 1974 some other psychologists, Donald Dutton and Arthur Aron, did a follow-up experiment. In this one they interviewed men who were crossing foot bridges in Canada.



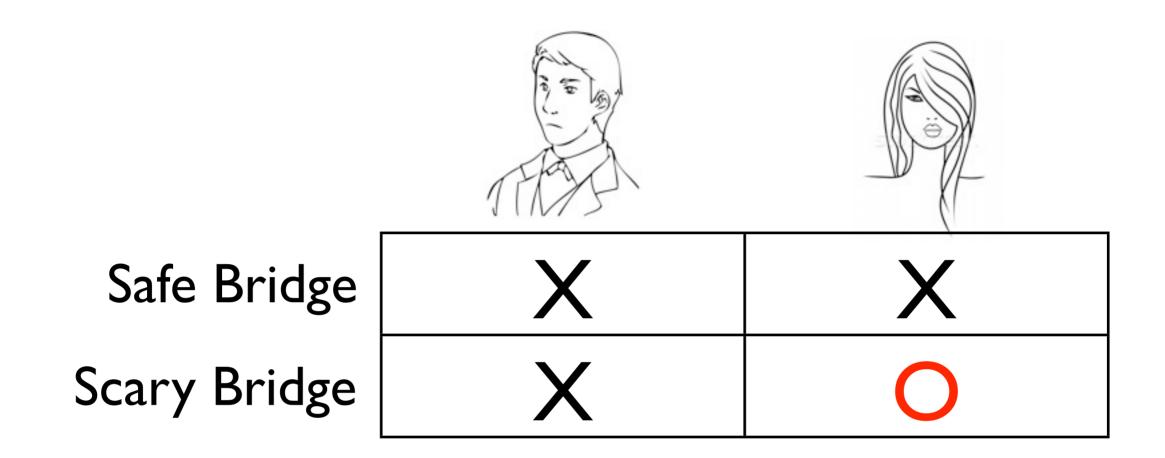
They used two interviewers: a young man and a young, attractive woman.



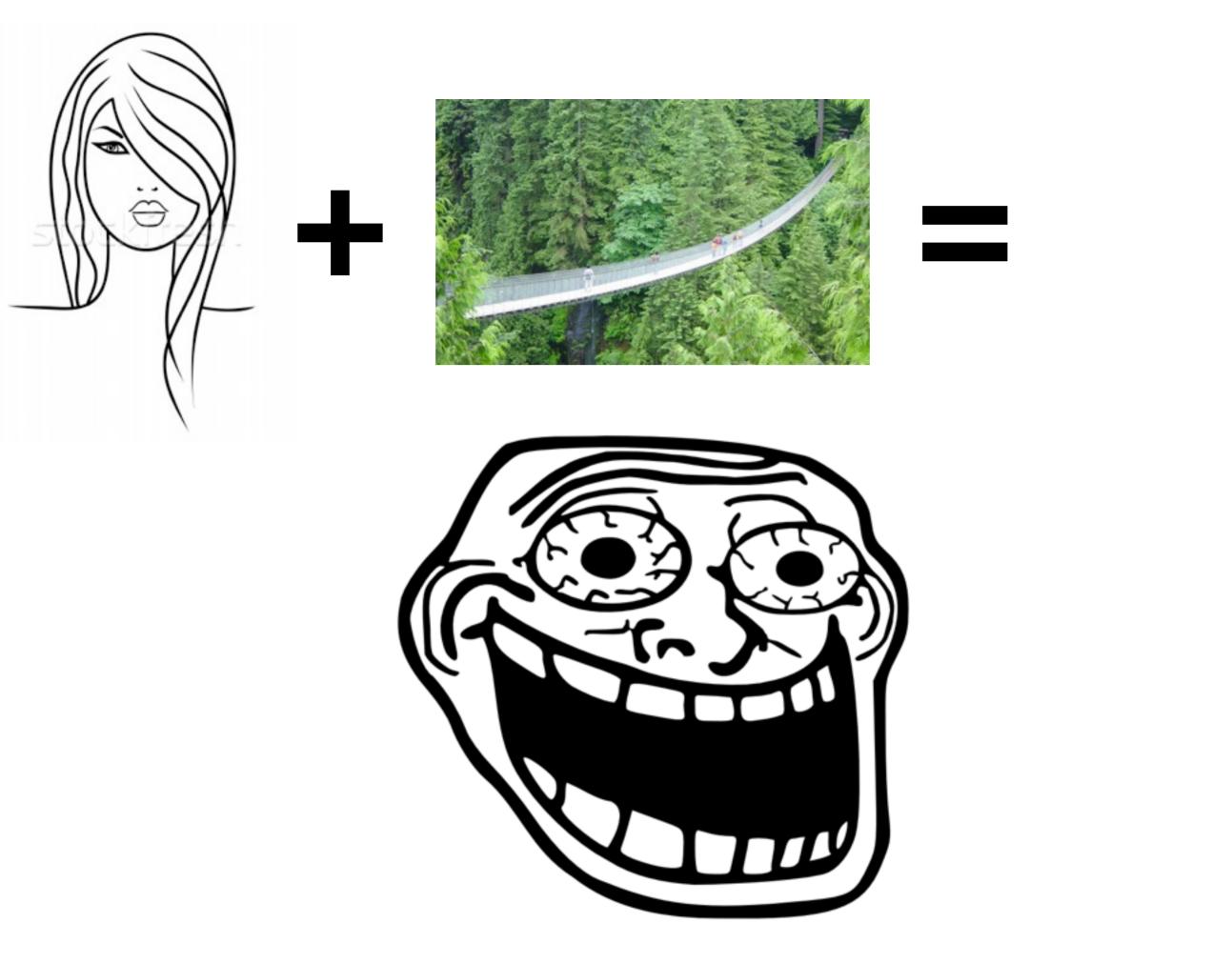
They also used two bridges, a solid, safe bridge that was not high off the ground, and a super scary suspension bridge over a ravine.



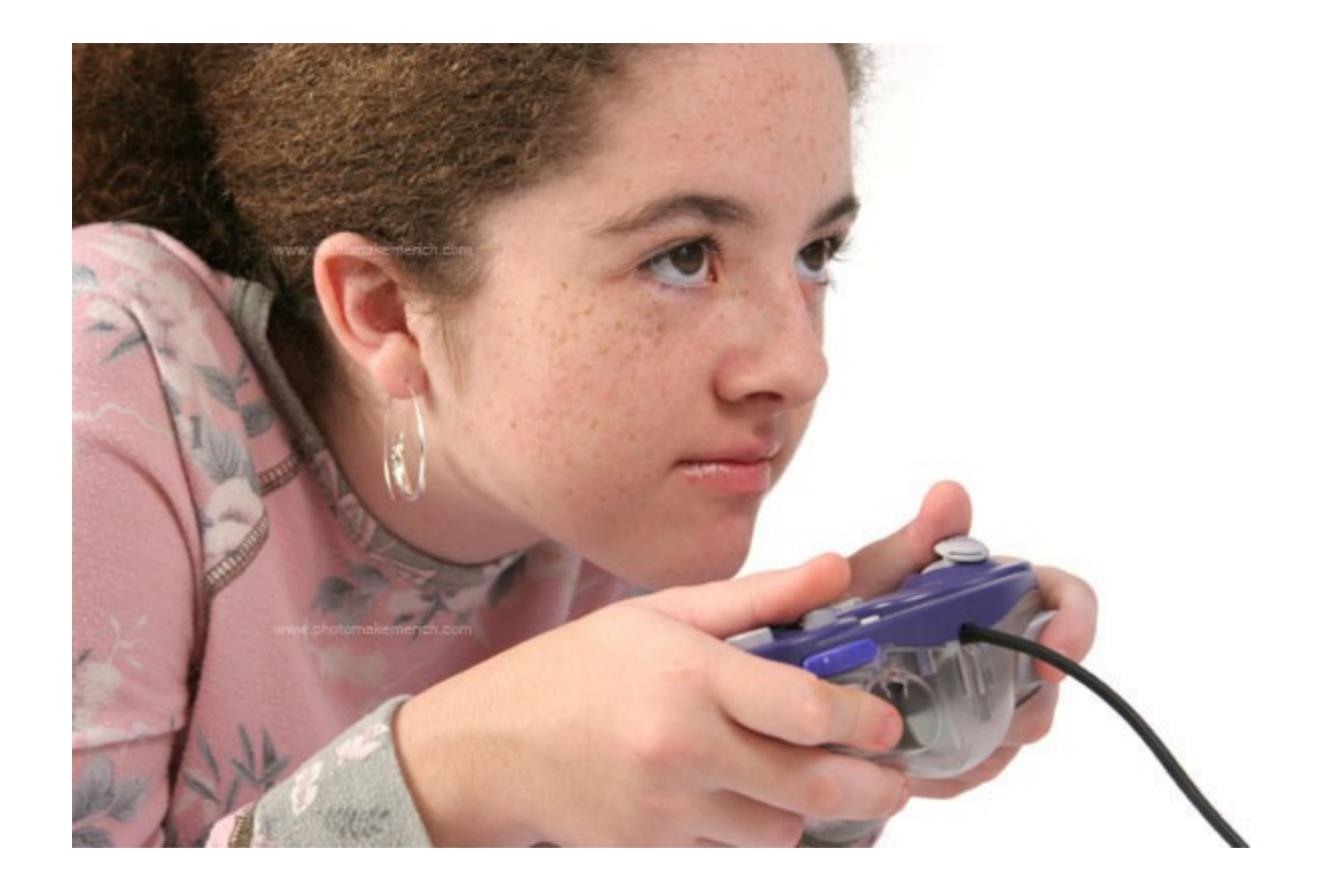
In all cases the interviewer asked men passing by to answer some survey questions that were secretly designed to measure sexual arousal. At the end, the interviewer wrote her phone number on a slip of paper and handed it to the men just in case they had further questions.



When the experiment was conducted with the attractive woman on the scary bridge, sexual content in the survey answers was high and 50% of the men called back, presumably looking for a date. No other combination of bridge or interviewer produced this concentrated result.



The psychologists had successfully converted fear into sexual arousal. They assumed that the men were in an elevated physiological state due to the scariness of the bridge, but by introducing an attractive woman to them, they caused their brains to misread the elevation as sexual arousal.



A difficult game makes you sweat. It makes you grip the controller harder, makes your heart rate increase, causes a release of adrenaline. That's probably why it feels so good to complete a difficult challenge in a game.

Expressiveness via textual verbs Slow-paced activities Mouse-driven interface

### Second Era:

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text Fast-paced activities Controller-driven interface Significant increase in difficulty

### **Third Era:**

## Horror games

Expressiveness via art, sound, and text Slow- and fast-paced activities Touch-driven interface Significant simplification of core design components Wider range of topics Opecreased dev cost















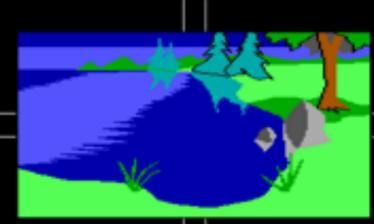










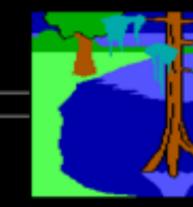


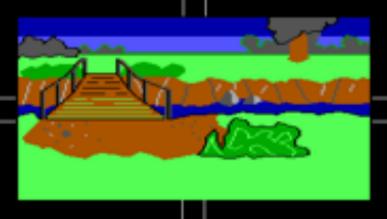


















King's Quest

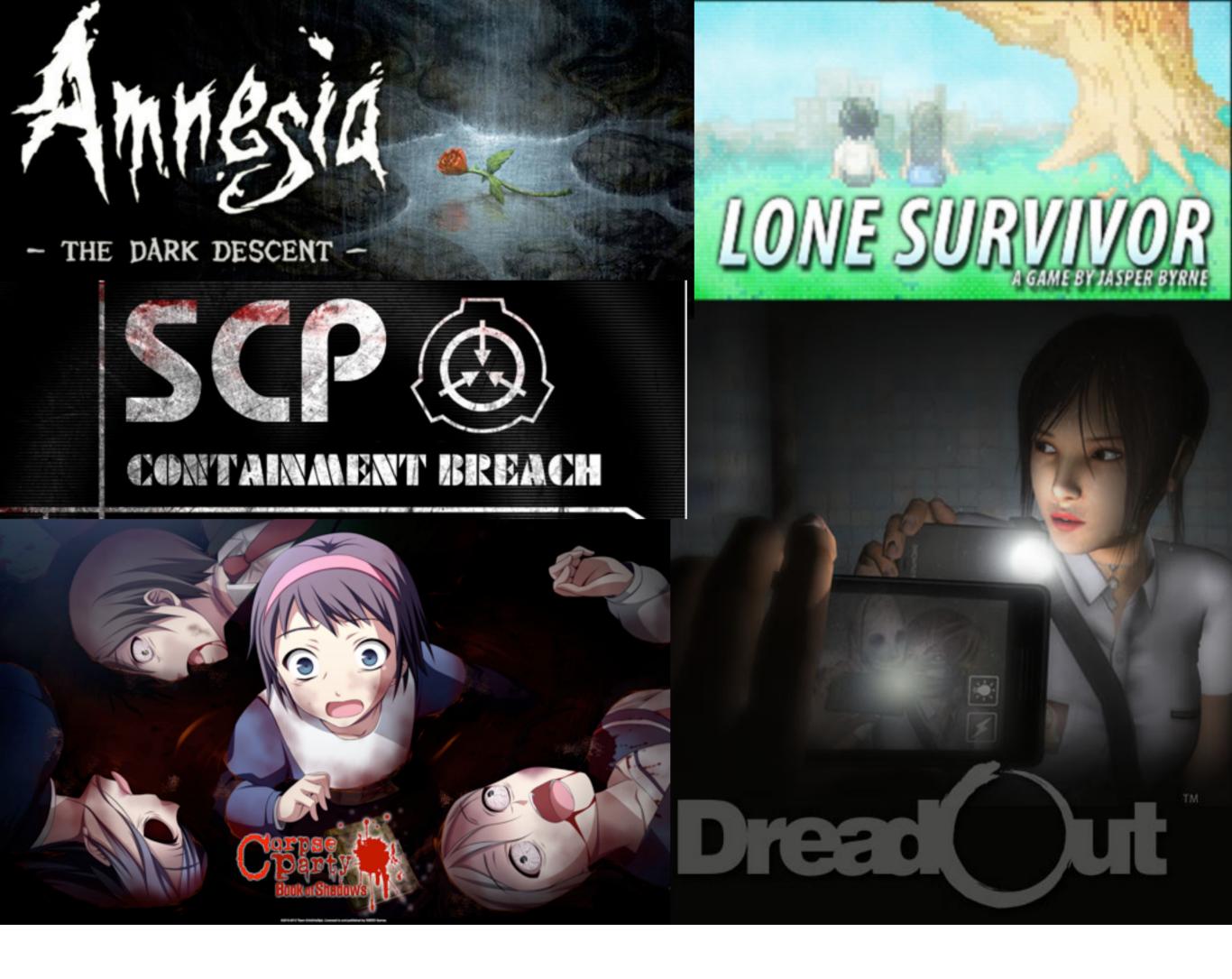






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Year Walk





Deadly Premonition: The D... y Rising Star Games



hadow of the Eternals y pcaporicci



amned: A Randomized O... v 9heads



leusis y Nocturnal Works



WARMACHINE: Tactics by WhiteMoon Dreams





The Dead Linger - Alpha by [Sandswept] Zag



Among the Sleep by Krillbite Studio



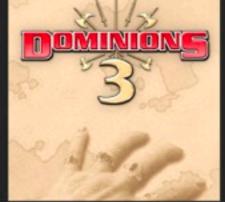
The 7th Guest by Trilobyte... by charlie



7 Days to Die - Zomble Sur... by Husker Head



The Forest by ben



Dominions 3: The Awakeni... by johan



Doorways by Salbot Studios



by Rico



Huntsman: The Orphanage by ShadowShifters



The Cat Lady by Screen 7



Zafehouse: Diaries by Screwfly Studios



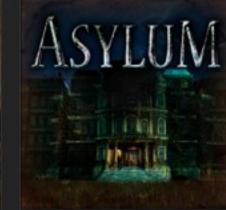
The Legend by AustinHand



Paranormal by MattDementous



by Digital Happiness



Asylum by AgustinCordes



Routine by Aaron Foster



**NEO Scavenger** by daniel\_c\_fedor



Stranded Deep by Ben4Views

Darkwood by Acid Wizard Studio





## DEADSECRET





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